	11 MARCH 2016	SET-B
	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – II (2015-2016)	
	MATHEMATICS	
	Class – IX	
	Time allowed : 3 hours Maximum Marks : 90	
	 General Instructions: (i) All questions are compulsory. (ii) The question paper consists of 31 questions divided into five sections A, B, C, D a Section-A comprises of 4 questions of 1 mark each, Section-B comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each, Section-C comprises of 8 questions of 3 marks each and Section comprises of 10 questions of 4 marks each. Section E comprises of two questions marks each and 1 question of 4 marks from Open Text theme. (iii) There is no overall choice. (iv) Use of calculator is not permitted. 	stions on-D
	SECTION-A	
	Question numbers 1 to 4 carry one mark each.	
1	The points scored by a basketball team in a series of matches are as follows: 17, 7, 10, 25, 18, 10, 24. Find the mean.	5, 10, 1
2	In a history test given to 15 students the following marks (out of 75) are recorded: 41, 39, 48, 52, 46, 62, 54, 40, 66, 52, 70, 40, 42, 52, 60. Prepare a continuous grouped frequency distribution table with class size 5.	1
3	O is the centre of the circle that passes through P,Q,R, and S, as shown in the figure.	SR is
	produced to X. If $\angle QRX = 133^\circ$, find x. $ \begin{array}{c} P \\ 4x + 13^\circ \\ O \\ S \end{array} $	
4	The radius and the lateral surface area of right circular cone are 8 cm $220\mathrm{cm^2}$ respectively. Find its slant height.	and 1

	SECTION-B	
	Question numbers 5 to 10 carry two marks each.	
5	Two angles of a quadrilateral are 45° and 85° . The other two angles are in the ratio $15:8$. Find the remaining two angles of the quadrilateral.	2
6	Using ruler and compass, construct an angle of 150°.	2
7	A die is thrown 600 times and the frequencies for the outcomes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 are given in the following table :	2
	Outcome 1 2 3 4 5 6	
	Frequency 60 90 175 68 50 157	
8	 (i) even number will come (ii) odd number will come In the given figure, if O is the centre of the circle, ∠OBA = 30° and ∠COA = 140°, find ∠BOC. 	2
	30° O C	
9	Three coins are tossed simultaneously 250 times with the following frequencies of different outcomes:	2
	Number of tails 0 1 2 3	
	Frequency 45 65 52 88	
	Compute the probability of getting: (i) At most 2 heads (ii) All heads	
10	If the volume of cuboid is 440 cm^3 and the area of base is 88 cm^2 , find the height of the cuboid.	2
	SECTION-C	
	Question numbers 11 to 18 carry three marks each.	
11		3
	DEFG is a quadrilateral such that diagonal DF divides it into two parts of equal areas. Prove that the diagonal DF bisects GE.	

	G O E	
12	The diameter of garden roller is 1.4 m and it is 2 m long. How much area will it cover in 15 revolutions ($\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)	3
13	Find the mean and median of first 10 composite numbers.	3
14	Δ XYZ is right angled at Y. P and Q are mid-points of sides XY and XZ respectively. If XY = 9 cm and PQ = 6 cm, then find the length of XZ.	3
15	Draw a histogram of the following data : Marks Number of Students 0 - 10 12 10 - 20 18 20 - 30 10 30 - 40 15 40 - 50 7 50 - 60 4	3
16	Draw a line segment PQ = 8.4 cm. Divide it into four equal parts, using ruler and compass.	3
17	In the given figure, O and O' are centres of two circles and the circles intersect each other at points B and C. If AOCD is a straight line and $\angle AOB = 110^{\circ}$, find $\angle BED$ and $\angle BOD$.	3
18	Prove that equal chords of a circle substend equal angles at the centre.	3
	SECTION-D	
	Question numbers 19 to 28 carry four marks each.	
19	Construct a triangle PQR whose perimeter is 10.5 cm and measure of the base angles are 60° and 45°.	4

20	The patients in a hospital are given soup daily in a cylindrical bowl of diameter 7 cm. On a particular day, the girls of NCC decided to cook the soup for the patients. If they fill the bowl with soup to a height of 6 cm, then how much soup (in litres) is to be cooked for 200 patients? Which value is depicted by the girls?	4
21	ABCD is a square. M is the mid – point of AB and CM⊥PQ as shown in the figure. Show that CP = CQ. D ABCD is a square. M is the mid – point of AB and CM⊥PQ as shown in the figure. Show that CP = CQ.	
22	ABC is an equilateral triangle with perimeter 30 cm. P, Q and R are mid-points of AO, BO and CO as shown in figure. Find $\text{ar}(\Delta PQR)$.	
23	Draw a histogram and frequency polygon to represent the following data: Class Interval 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 Frequency 4 7 8 10 6	4
24	In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle, AB is a diameter and CD is a chord equal to the radius of the circle. AC and BD when produced intersect at E. Prove that $\angle AEB = 60^{\circ}$.	4
25	A room is 30 m long, 24 m broad and 18 m high. Find: (a) length of longest rod that can be placed in the room. (b) its total surface area. (c) its volume.	4
25	A cuboidal tank is 6 m long, 5 m wide and 4.5 m deep. How many litres of water it can hold? Also, find its lateral surface area.	4

27		
	A pen stand is cylindrical in shape with the base radius 3.5 cm and height 10.5 cm. How much cardboard will be required to make 25 such pen stands? Also find volume of 1 pen stand	4
28	A survey of 2000 people of different age groups was conducted to find out their preference in watching different types of movies : Type I \rightarrow Family Type II \rightarrow Comedy and Family Type III \rightarrow Romantic, Comedy and Family Type IV \rightarrow Action, Romantic, Comedy and Family	4
	Age Group Type I Type II Type IV All	
	18-29 440 160 110 61 35	
	30-50 505 125 60 22 18	
	Above 50 360 45 35 15 9	
	Find the probability that a person chosen at random is: (a) in 18-29 years of age and likes type II movies (b) above 50 years of age and likes all types of movies (c) in 30-50 years and likes type I movies.	
	SECTION-E (Open Text) (* Please ensure that open text of the given theme is supplied with this question paper.) Theme: Childhood Obesity in India	
29	Taking the height as 200 cm, form a linear equation in 2 variables by taking BMI as x and	3
	weight as <i>y</i> kgs. Also calculate BMI if the person's weight is 45 kgs.	
30		
30	45 kgs. To burn calories after eating junk food, a person chooses to jog and dance. Jogging for 30 minutes burn 300 calories and dancing for 30 minutes burn 150 calories. Taking j minutes taken to jog and d minutes taken for dance, write a linear equation for the same if he wants to	
	To burn calories after eating junk food, a person chooses to jog and dance. Jogging for 30 minutes burn 300 calories and dancing for 30 minutes burn 150 calories. Taking j minutes taken to jog and d minutes taken for dance, write a linear equation for the same if he wants to burn 650 calFind two solutions in integers. It is stated that "Children from age 1 grow taller and heavier till they reach adoloscence at a whopping rate of 2 kg every year for weight and 3 inches for height. Assuming weight as variable 'w' and height as 'h' and 'y' as age in years establish a linear relationship between following when weight at age 1 is 6 kg and height is 30 inch. Write these equations in standard form and give values of a, b and c	3